	CORPORATE TAX AMENDMENTS
	2021 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
	House Sponsor: Robert M. Spendlove
LC	ONG TITLE
Ge	eneral Description:
	This bill amends corporate franchise and income tax provisions related to Utah net loss.
Hi	ghlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	• clarifies the calculation of the 80% limitation on carrying forward a Utah net loss.
Mo	oney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Ot	her Special Clauses:
	This bill provides retrospective operation.
Ut	ah Code Sections Affected:
AN	MENDS:
	59-7-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Sixth Special Session, Chapter 10
Ве	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>59-7-110</b> is amended to read:
	59-7-110. Utah net loss Carry forward Deduction.
	(1) A taxpayer shall determine the amount of Utah net loss that the taxpayer may carry
for	ward to offset income of another taxable year as provided in this section.
	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a taxpayer:
	(a) may carry forward a Utah net loss from a taxable year to a future taxable year; and
	(b) may not carry back a Utah net loss from a taxable year.
	(3) A taxpayer that carries forward a Utah net loss shall carry forward the Utah net loss

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30 to the earliest eligible year for which the Utah taxable income before net loss deduction, minus 31 Utah net losses from previous years that a taxpayer applied or was required to apply to offset 32 income, is not less than zero. 33 (4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), the amount of Utah net loss that a taxpayer may 34 carry to the year identified in Subsection (3) is the lesser of: 35 (i) the remaining Utah net loss after deduction of any amounts of the Utah net loss that 36 a taxpayer carried to previous years; or 37 (ii) the remaining Utah taxable income before net loss deduction of the year identified 38 in Subsection (3) after deduction of Utah net losses from previous years that a taxpayer carried 39 or was required to carry to the year identified in Subsection (3). 40 (b) (i) For a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2021, the amount of Utah net 41 loss that a taxpayer may carry forward to a taxable year may not exceed 80% of Utah taxable 42 income computed without regard to the deduction [allowable under this section] of any Utah 43 net loss. 44 (ii) A taxpayer may carry a remaining Utah net loss to one or more taxable years in 45 accordance with this section. (c) If the only Utah net loss that a taxpayer carries forward is from a taxable year that 46 began before January 1, 2018, the commission: 47 (i) shall instruct the taxpayer to calculate the 80% limitation described in Subsection 48 49 (4)(b) by following federal guidance for calculating the 80% taxable income limitation for 50 federal income tax purposes; or 51 (ii) if the commission determines that adequate federal corporate guidance on how to calculate the 80% limitation is unavailable, may not apply the 80% limitation to the Utah net 52 53 loss. 54 (d) If a taxpayer carries forward a Utah net loss from a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2018, and a Utah net loss from a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2018, 55 the commission shall instruct the taxpayer to calculate the 80% limitation described in 56 57 Subsection (4)(b) by:

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58	(i) following federal guidance for calculating the 80% of taxable income limitation for
59	federal income tax purposes; or
60	(ii) if the commission determines that adequate federal corporate guidance on how to
61	calculate the 80% limitation is unavailable, by:
62	(A) calculating 80% of Utah taxable income before deducting any Utah net losses from
63	Utah taxable income; and
64	(B) applying the limitation that the Utah net loss that a taxpayer carries forward may
65	not exceed 80% of Utah taxable income to Utah net losses incurred on or after January 1, 2018,
66	without regard to Utah net losses from a previous taxable year that the taxpayer carries
67	forward.
68	(e) The commission shall:
69	(i) make a determination annually, on or before April 15 of the year after the taxable
70	year ends, about whether adequate federal corporate guidance on how to calculate the 80%
71	limitation is available; and
72	(ii) if the commission determines that adequate federal corporate guidance on how to
73	calculate the 80% limitation is unavailable, notify the Revenue and Taxation Interim
74	Committee, electronically before the next interim committee meeting, that the commission
75	intends to issue instructions in accordance with Subsection (4)(c)(ii) or (d)(ii).
76	(5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a corporation acquiring the assets or stock of
77	another corporation may not deduct any net loss incurred by the acquired corporation prior to
78	the date of acquisition.
79	(ii) Subsection (5)(a)(i) does not apply if the only change in the corporation is that of
80	the state of incorporation.
81	(b) An acquired corporation may deduct the acquired corporation's net losses incurred
82	before the date of acquisition against the acquired corporation's separate income as calculated
83	under Subsections (6) and (7) if the acquired corporation has continued to carry on a trade or
84	business substantially the same as that conducted before the acquisition.
85	(6) For purposes of Subsection (5)(b), the amount of net loss an acquired corporation

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86 that is acquired by a unitary group may deduct is calculated by:

(a) subject to Subsection (7):

- (i) except as provided in Subsection (6)(a)(ii), calculating the sum of:
- (A) an amount determined by dividing the average value of the acquired corporation's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in this state during the taxable year by the average value of all of the unitary group's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used during the taxable year;
- (B) an amount determined by dividing the total amount paid in this state during the taxable year by the acquired corporation for compensation by the total compensation paid everywhere by the unitary group during the taxable year; and
  - (C) an amount determined by:
- (I) dividing the total sales of the acquired corporation in this state during the taxable year by the total sales of the unitary group everywhere during the taxable year; and
- (II) if the unitary group elects or is required to calculate the fraction for apportioning business income to this state using the method described in Subsection 59-7-311(4) in taxable year 2019 or taxable year 2020, multiplying the amount calculated under Subsection (6) (a)(i)(C)(I) by, for the taxable year 2019, four, or, for the taxable year 2020, eight; or
- (ii) if the unitary group is required or elects to calculate the fraction for apportioning business income to this state using the method described in Subsection 59-7-311(2), calculating an amount determined by dividing the total sales of the acquired corporation in this state during the taxable year by the total sales of the unitary group everywhere during the taxable year;
- (b) dividing the amount calculated under Subsection (6)(a) by the same denominator of the fraction the unitary group uses to apportion business income to this state for that taxable year in accordance with Section 59-7-311;
- (c) multiplying the amount calculated under Subsection (6)(b) by the business income of the unitary group for the taxable year that is subject to apportionment under Section 59-7-311; and
- (d) calculating the sum of:

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114	(i) the amount calculated under Subsection (6)(c); and
115	(ii) the following amounts allocable to the acquired corporation for the taxable year:
116	(A) nonbusiness income allocable to this state; or
117	(B) nonbusiness loss allocable to this state.
118	(7) The amounts calculated under Subsection (6)(a) shall be derived in the same
119	manner as those amounts are derived for purposes of apportioning the unitary group's business
120	income before deducting the net loss, including a modification made in accordance with
121	Section 59-7-320.
122	Section 2. Retrospective operation.
123	This bill has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,
124	<u>2021.</u>